

WEATHER FORECAST.
Fair to-day, probably showers;
warmer; to-morrow fair.

NO. 1626.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, MARCH 20, 1911.

LARGEST MORNING
CIRCULATION.

ONE CENT.

ALL U. S. TROOPS TO BE RUSHED TO MEXICAN BORDER

**Movement Aimed to Check Smuggling of
Arms and Ammunition.**

CAVALRY SQUADRON LEAVES TO-DAY

**Utmost Secrecy Maintained as to General Movement
of Military at Fort Sam Houston, but Departure
Inside of Four Days Is Indubitable.**

San Antonio, March 19.—The first troops of the army of 15,000 men, of all branches of the service, mobilized here under command of Maj. Gen. William H. Carter, will start for the border to-morrow morning.

They will be followed very shortly by every detachment of every branch of the service now in the divisional camp at Fort Sam Houston. It became positively known to-day that the commander of the army does not expect to be here himself or that his troops will be here four days hence.

It is known where those who first leave San Antonio are going. They are the men of one squadron of cavalry, said yesterday to be the Eleventh, who are going over the Southern Pacific lines to the west in the direction of El Paso. Where the rest of the army is to be sent is not known to-day, except to a small group of officers constituting Gen. Carter's personal staff. There is a strong belief among the colonels of regiments and their respective staffs that the divisional army is bound for the border along the Rio Grande and west along the Arizona line, where the chief streams of insurrection support are carrying munitions of war across the line.

FEAR FOR BIG BRIDGE.

It may be stated positively that the cavalry squadron is not to be rushed to the westward to meet a remarkable contingency. The officers of the Southern Pacific have notified the War Department in Washington to give protection to their great and expensive bridge over the Pecos River, near the town of Vado, in southwestern Texas, and less than ten miles from the boundary of the Mexican state of Chihuahua.

Within the last week the insurgent bands that have been operating along the American border east of the Mexican town of Presidio Del Norte have been known to have crossed into Texas more than once. A week ago a brush between insurgents and federals, which occurred partly on American soil, was reported from El Paso.

Guard for the Span.

The railroad people have notified the War Department in Washington that they fear some contingency, whether the passing of American troops over their lines, or an attempt of the insurgents to embarrass the Diaz government by committing depredations on American property, will lead to the destruction of the great steel bridge which spans 235 feet above the Pecos. They could not replace the structure within a year, so the Southern Pacific people have told the department in Washington.

It was in answer to an imperative order from the War Department to supply a guard for the Pecos bridge that Gen. Carter late yesterday called upon the Southern Pacific and the representatives of the Pullman Company to get together a train of eleven tourist and two standard Pullmans, man it, and have it in readiness for instant departure.

Another Reason for Move.

The train was ready and standing on a track in the big yards near the camp at midnight last night, report of which fact was sent in these dispatches last night. The viaduct is 23 miles west of San Antonio, about half-way to El Paso.

There is another reason for the sending of the Eleventh Cavalry squadron out ahead of the army. Recent reports have said that the insurgents have established a base at Presidio Del Norte, just across the Rio Grande from the American town El Oro, and through this point they have been receiving their largest shipments of arms and munitions. From a reliable source this afternoon, a portion will continue on to Del Rio and probably down to the Rio Grande to take a position to intercept the traffic in forbidden goods. The four carloads of arms and ammunition mentioned in these dispatches a few days ago as having left Galveston, bound for the West, passed through San Antonio last night. Their destination is Del Norte.

As to the general movement of all the troops at the division camp at Fort Sam Houston the utmost secrecy is maintained and little besides the indubitable fact that Gen. Carter expects his command to

Special Home-Coming Excursion.
To Asheville, N. C. The Land of the Sky, Tuesday, March 21, 1911. Round trip \$14.00 via Southern Railway. Excellent opportunity to visit most beautiful and attractive region of the country.

WANTS REVISION BASED ON DATA OF TARIFF BOARD

**Taft Will Urge Careful Study
of the Subject.**

CANADIAN TREATY FIRST

**Permanent Tariff Commission
Again in Message.**

That the President is Determined to Have Thorough Investigation of Schedule Is Shown in His Action in Appointing More Members to Temporary Board—Democrats Are Willing to Work in Harmony.

Columbia, S. C., March 19 (on board President Taft's train).—If President Taft's hopes are realized, another year will see great progress in the direction of a scientific downward revision of the tariff, in accordance with the policy of lifting the tariff, as far as possible, out of politics and placing it, as is done in Germany, upon a scientific, non-partisan basis.

NO GENERAL REVISION.

The President is convinced that it would be illogical and unwise to the business interests of the nation if a general revision of the tariff is immediately undertaken. The President believes, however, that the country desires, and ought to demand, further downward revision of several schedules, notably Schedule K, but he feels that revision should be made in the light of scientific information, which it is the duty of the tariff board to collect. At present he rather inclines to the idea that no schedule should be revised upon which the tariff board is not ready with its information. He will give this matter further consideration with his cabinet.

The administration's effort to have Congress create a permanent tariff commission will be renewed at the special session, which begins April 4. The President's plan at present is to press for action upon the consideration of the reciprocity agreement first of all. With the agreement out of the way, as the President believes it soon will be, he will take up the fight for a permanent tariff commission. He will not decide until he has consulted with the cabinet, whether he shall direct the attention of Congress to anything but reciprocity in his first message to Congress next month.

It is quite possible that no mention may be made of the tariff commission in the first executive communication to the Sixty-second Congress, but that a special message may be sent in later dealing with this subject. Reciprocity will come first, according to this plan, the permanent tariff commission second, and then adjustment and postponement of the revision of the tariff schedules until the tariff board completes its work on December 1 next, as it has been instructed by law to do.

Wants Permanent Board.

The President will take up his fight for the tariff commission where he dropped it, when at the last moment, after its successful passage through the Senate, the bill was killed in the House. The President regards a permanent tariff board as most important.

That was made evident after Congress adjourned when he placed upon the present tariff commission former Representative Howard and Prof. Page of the University of Virginia, whom he intended to place on the permanent tariff commission with Messrs. Emery, Sanders, and Reynolds. To the new board he has given instructions that it should submit a report to the President and to Congress on Schedule K on December 1 next. There now exists in temporary form precisely that tariff board which would have existed if the law had passed. All that is now required is to secure for the board a permanent status.

The President is encouraged by the steady progress and development of his tariff programme, which he laid out about six years ago in a speech at Bath, Me. The Payne-Aldrich law, the tariff board, the Canadian reciprocity agreement he regards as milestones of progress.

The President believes that he can secure the legislation for a permanent tariff commission. He knows that Senators Bailey and Money, two Democratic leaders, and Senator Heyburn of Idaho, are opposed to the idea. In the House, however, both Speaker Champ Clark and Representative Underwood, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, favor a permanent commission.

The President left Augusta at 3:45 this afternoon and passed through Columbia shortly after 6 o'clock. He is due in Washington early to-morrow; Mrs. Taft, Secretary Norton, and Capt. Butt are with the President.

ESCAPES LIKELY TO BE PROBED.

It is expected that to-day Walter L. Fisher, new Secretary of the Interior Department, will start an investigation of the numerous escapes of insane patients from the Government Hospital for the Insane.

Complaints have been lodged with him by F. E. Rutherford, secretary of the Congress Heights Citizens' Association, who claims those suburbs are kept in constant alarm and anxiety, caused by the frequent escapes of dangerous lunatics, who sometimes wander around the neighborhood for days before being captured.

Dr. Bernard Glueck, assistant physician in charge of criminal insane, said yesterday that more wards and more guards are needed for Howard Hall, where the dangerous patients are kept. He practically admitted that a more strict watch should be maintained, but said it was impossible under the present circumstances.

Dr. W. E. White, the superintendent, attributes the frequent escapes to a limited building and a lack of attendants and guards.

"We need new constructions and more adequate facilities," Dr. White told a Washington Herald reporter yesterday. "It is almost impossible to take care of thousands of inmates, and assure no escapes with our limited force."

He denied that it was easy for patients to make escape at any time, but admitted the south gate was kept open during the entire twenty-four hours.

"I believe it absolutely necessary that a high wall be erected around the grounds," Dr. White said, "and provision made for additional guards."

SISTERS RESCUED IN BALTIMORE FIRE

**Oil Stove Explodes and House
Is Nearly Destroyed.**

Baltimore, March 19.—Misses Mary and Sallie Bloodgood, sisters, of 19 West Twentieth street, and Miss Alice McGuire, who lives next door to them, nearly lost their lives this morning in a fire that gutted the rear part of the second floor of the Bloodgood home.

Miss Sallie Bloodgood was carried down a ladder. Miss McGuire was taken almost suffocated from her room by a policeman.

The fire occurred soon after 4 o'clock this morning, and was caused by an oil stove, which is supposed to have exploded in the room of Mary Bloodgood. She hastened to arouse her sister.

Miss Sallie waited to dress, and meanwhile the flames spread and barred her egress. When the firemen arrived smoke was pouring out of every window, and Miss Sallie's form could barely be seen framed in smoke.

A ladder was run up and she was brought down exhausted. Meanwhile it was learned that Miss McGuire, who lives in the adjoining house, was being suffocated by the smoke. Several policemen ran in and brought her out. The fresh air revived her.

BRIDEGROOM GOES FROM ALTAR TO JAIL

**Breach of Promise Charge
Preferred at Wedding.**

Trenton, N. J., March 19.—In the midst of a wedding reception at Trenton, N. J., last night, Thomas Foster excused himself to the bride and friends. He accompanied an officer to a magistrate's court and gave bail in the sum of \$50 on a breach of promise charge, preferred by Miss Annie Dixon of this city.

Miss Dixon claims that Foster has been paying marked attention to her for some time, and that in June last he promised to marry her. The guests had just begun to make merry when the officer, armed with a warrant for the arrest of the bridegroom, appeared. He was taken to jail and after giving bail Foster returned to his bride, when the festivities were resumed. He married Miss Ida C. Eggert, a well-known young woman of this city.

GOLD IN MASSES STARTS A STAMPEDE

**Rush to Field Greatest Seen
in Recent Years.**

Reno, Nev., March 19.—One of the greatest mining stampedes since the discovery of Tonopah and Goldfield began here this afternoon when a special train started out for Amadeo, Calif., eighty miles north of here on the line of the Nevada, California and Oregon Railroad, for the new gold quartz fields discovered Friday. The new camp is just across the California line in Washoe County, Nev., on Fort Sage Mountain.

Six men ran onto quartz croppings sticking above the surface and extending for a great distance along the ridge and into the valley.

According to advices reaching here, an assay made at Susanville shows the ore to run as high as \$30,000 to the ton. The ledge is three feet wide and extends more than two miles.

A telephone message from Amadeo says 25 homesteaders are already located on the low mineral range, and that in addition to gold the surface rock is rich in silver.

The reports of the rich strike are corroborated by the Southern Pacific mail carriers here, who received full telephone details. A party of prospectors was working over the old ground, which showed no traces in good mineral, when they ran upon a kind of quartz dyke that was hidden by a heavy growth of sage and grease wood. They were cutting their way through this scrub to allow the pack animals to cross into the new territory, when they were amazed to see the quartz ridge, which they found extended for hundreds of feet. They continued to pack away the scrub and traced the ledge for about two miles, the average width being two feet. The quartz was so heavily charged with gold that prospectors estimated it at \$10,000 to \$15,000 a ton in gold, besides considerable silver. The assay showed they had underestimated its richness.

This news set Reno wild, and several hundred men started on the train to-day with full outfits for prospecting. To-morrow several parties will go to the scene in groups.

FRENCH CRUISERS AT NAVAL ACADEMY

Vessels Will Remain at Annapolis Until Friday.

Annapolis, March 19.—The French cruisers La Gloire and Admiral Aube, belonging to the Second Cruiser Division, arrived off the Naval Academy at 9:30 this morning and will remain until Friday morning. The French ships, which are commanded by Rear Admiral Du-laurie de La Jarte, have been cruising in American waters for some months and have lately come from the coast of Mexico.

Many entertainments have been planned for the officers of the visiting fleet, beginning with a reception and ball Monday evening, which will be given by the officers attached to the Naval Academy.

Thirteen guns were fired by the Academy batteries as the French ships went to anchor off Thomas Point, six miles below Annapolis. Seven guns were fired by the visitors when Captain J. M. Rowley, superintendent of the Academy, arrived this afternoon and he there was the exchange of the national salute of twenty-one guns. Admiral La Jarte returned the call this afternoon with his chief of staff, Capt. Revolt, Capt. Lacroix, commander of the La Gloire, and Capt. Olivier, of the Admiral Aube.

BIBLE STATEMENTS FOUNDED ON MYTH

**Dr. Aked Disbelieves Story
of Flood in Genesis.**

New York, March 19.—That many of the statements in the Bible, particularly those in the early chapters of Genesis, are founded on myth, was the statement of Rev. Dr. Aked, of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church to-day. "The flood," said he, "is not believed to be a fact in history by the student of the Scriptures, nor by a student of science. The stories of the flood, and many others in the Bible, are too much at variance with themselves to warrant belief in them as history."

"It may be startling to be told that the Bible is founded on myth, but then myth is nothing more than the spontaneous creation of primitive people, which may be considered of the recording of some early natural phenomena. It is for us to learn the lesson that myth teaches. Myth has beauty and meaning, for it lies at the very beginning of all history and narrative. It would be strange, therefore, if the Bible did not contain myth."

No reference was made to the acceptance of Dr. Aked's resignation from the church known as "Rockefeller's." Dr. Aked recently resigned to accept the post of pastor of the First Congregational Church, of San Francisco.

NO HOPE FOR TOM JOHNSON.

**Death of Former Mayor of Cleveland
Is Hourly Expected.**

Cleveland, March 19.—No hope is given to-night for the recovery of Tom L. Johnson, four times mayor of Cleveland. His family are gathered at his bedside, and his death is expected hourly.

GOLD MEDAL FOR AMERICAN.

**Millionaire Helped Save Sailors
When Yacht Was Wrecked.**

Paris, March 19.—The official journal publishes a decree conferring a gold medal upon Eugene Higgins, the American millionaire, for his action in helping to save ten French sailors at the time his yacht Varuna was wrecked, on November 15, 1909, on the northwest coast of Madeira.

MISSOURI LEGISLATORS IN FIST FIGHT IN THE HOUSE

**Sunday Session Leads to Clash Among Democrats that
Results in a Near-riot.**

Jefferson City, Mo., March 19.—The Sunday session of the Missouri house of representatives, which was held by the Democrats to wind up their war on Jesse A. Tolerton. State game and fish commissioner, terminated late this afternoon in a fist fight and a near-riot.

Kirby J. Smith, of Avon, Mo., a clerk for Tolerton, was assaulted upon the floor of the house by Representative David W. Stark, of Cass County. Smith had been to the desk of Representative Farrar, of Christian County, to get the roll call upon the vote tying up the appropriation for the game department. While returning, he passed Representative

INSANE CRIMINALS CAPTURED; THIRD FOOLS HIS PURSUERS

**Two Escaped Maniacs, Under Heavy Guard,
Brought Back to St. Elizabeth's.**

ENTIRE COUNTRYSIDE IN TERROR

**Caught at Point of Revolvers on Popes Creek Line,
Two Men are Taken to Upper Marlboro Jail
and Later Conveyed to Asylum.**

Their arms and legs linked with massive iron chains and eyes ablaze with a maniacal glare, Thomas Winters and William Huddle, two insane convicts, after a daring and sensational escape from the Government Hospital for the Insane late Friday night, were captured yesterday in an equally dramatic manner in the vicinity of Mulliken's Station in Maryland. They were brought back at 10 o'clock last night and again confined under guard in the steel cells of Howard Hall, where they have been kept as supremely dangerous. The third man, Joseph Endsley, was not apprehended, running under fire into the woods surrounding the village and foiling his pursuers.

ENTIRE COUNTRY EXCITED.

More than 300 men, led by Deputy Sheriff Binger, scoured the territory practically the entire night in an effort to get Endsley, but their efforts met with no success. The entire community is intensely excited, as it is thought the maniac will try to gain entrance to some lonely farmhouse. He is suffering from the want of food and clothing, and his condition is pitiable. He is regarded as extremely dangerous.

That he will be caught before many hours was the opinion expressed by doctors and guards at St. Elizabeth's, as he will be too exhausted to travel far.

Huddle and Winters were captured shortly before noon by Sheriff Binger. The Washington police were immediately notified, they in turn communicating with Supt. William T. White, of the asylum. Three guards and a policeman from the Eleventh precinct station hurriedly jumped into a four-horse wagon and started on the run for Upper Marlboro, where the men were held in the county jail.

Arriving there, the prisoners, who protested that they would not leave Maryland unless extradition papers were gotten out, were handcuffed, chained, and placed in the vehicle, and the journey back started.

The roads were fearful on account of the rain during the entire way, and the pitchy blackness made it hard on the horses. Only a single light, a small kerosene affair, that threw a feeble glare ahead, was taken along. The guards and prisoners suffered from the cold, and the lonely ride affected the nerves of all.

Made to Lie Down.

Huddle, who is pronounced acutely insane, gave vent to screams and cries at times. He believed in his delusions that fiery electric wires were being wound and twisted about his body, searing the flesh and burning his hair. He was quivered with much difficulty, and made to lie down in the bottom of the wagon.

Winters talked freely, but the guards were afraid to question him too much, as he was excited, and they did not dare risk a physical encounter on the deserted road, even though the maniacs were bound.

Both denied there had been a plot to murder their keepers and escape, although it was learned that Endsley had been removed to various wards several times before, being suspected of hatching plots for the deliverance of himself and comrades.

Dr. Bernard Glueck, in charge of the criminal ward, was notified when the prisoners arrived, shortly before 10 o'clock.

He hastened over to Howard Hall and saw that they were securely fastened for the night. They will not break away again, according to Dr. Glueck. No punishment was inflicted on the runaways, except both will be denied all forms of amusement and company, even of each other.

It was about 8 o'clock yesterday morning when the three ragged and shoeless men passed through Upper Marlboro in the direction of the Patuxent River. All seemed to be nearly exhausted. Their clothes had been practically torn off by brambles and were covered with mud. A three days' growth of beard struggled over the face of each.

Ward H. H. Gore, of the county jail, saw them and had his suspicions aroused. He communicated with Deputy Sheriff Edward Binger, of Queen Anne

district, warning him to be on the lookout, as the descriptions of the men tallied with the missing lunatics.

Sheriff Binger hurried to a point near Mulliken's station, and about an hour later saw three strangers coming down the railroad tracks. When Binger started toward them they grew suspicious and started to run toward the woods on the east. Huddle, who had become lame from his tramp of three days, halted on a contorted and was secured by Sheriff Binger, who deputized two negroes to guard him. Chase was given Winters and Endsley, who failed to stop, and a pistol shot was sent after them. Winters slowed up at once and was gathered in, while Endsley continued, running with the speed of a frightened rabbit.

Sheriff Binger chased him for a mile, maintaining with Supt. William T. White, of the asylum. Three guards and a policeman from the Eleventh precinct station hurriedly jumped into a four-horse wagon and started on the run for Upper Marlboro, where the men were held in the county jail.

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A PAGE FOR EVERY WOMAN

Will hereafter be a feature of our daily edition. It will be in charge of the experienced and capable woman editor who made a notable success of the woman's page in a Washington newspaper and whose services have now been engaged exclusively for

THE WASHINGTON HERALD.